PETERSBURG VOICES OF CIVIL RIGHTS: THE ORAL HISTORY

INTERVIEW OF WILLIS BROWN

conducted by Hermanze Fauntleroy

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Petersburg, Virginia

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BY MR. FAUNTLEROY:

Q I am Hermanze Fauntleroy. Today is March 9, 2007. I shall be interviewing Mr. Willis Brown in reference to the civil rights era in the City of Petersburg, and some of which took place at that time and his knowledge of what took place as he knows it at that point. Mr. Brown graduated from Peabody High School, which I think is critical in this situation because we had segregated schools at that time.

A Yes.

Q And he was a part of that system. Mr. Brown, do you have any memory of violation of civil rights, your civil rights in the City of Petersburg, and what do you recall the situation was during that time?

A Well, growing up in Petersburg I experienced this as a young child, shopping downtown in the department stores. I always observed water fountains, which was marked "Colored" water fountains at certain stores, and I didn't understand what that was all about. However, I have occasion to go there to take a sip of water and it always
 seemed normal. But in my mind, I always wondered,
 you know, why was it marked as such. That was one
 of my earliest recollections of it.

5 Q At that time when you noticed that that 6 was the situation and you tasted the water and 7 didn't see any difference in it, so to speak, what 8 type of effect or what type of impact did that have 9 on you as a young child growing up under those 10 conditions?

11 Α Well, I had great interest in what was 12 going on, but being young, I didn't ask anybody. I 13 just thought that was a fact of life, that was the 14 way life was, and I didn't question it so much then. 15 In reference to later, as you became older 0 16 and you grew up, began school, and of course the 17 schools were at that time segregated in the City of 18 Petersburg, did you give any further thought to what 19 you had experienced earlier?

A Yes. Most definitely. We just didn't ask adults, you know, what was going on as we just thought it was the way of life to go along with the situation that was at hand. However, in school we noted a difference in maybe the books we were using may have been used, they weren't very new books.

1 Some were. And a lot of sports equipment was used 2 when we got it, there weren't the best, but we made 3 the best of what we had and created some 4 championships. This was one of the things that I 5 noticed in school life that seemed to have an effect 6 on me.

Q Did you give any thought to the fact that there may have been some difference between being a student at Peabody High School and what you thought may have been happening at Petersburg High School during that period of time?

12 A Yes. I knew it was a segregation thing it 13 was -- there was the Peabody High School and the 14 Petersburg High School, and we had our differences, 15 you know, as the high school. All through 16 graduation I thought this is the way life was going 17 to be. I didn't question that much about it. But I 18 just tried to adjust my life and go on with it and 19 make the best of what I had to do with it anyway. 20 When you recognized the fact that white 0 21 students in the City of Petersburg were attending 22 Petersburg High School, and all of the black 23 students were attending Peabody High School as far

24 as the high school education is concerned, did you
25 give any real thought to why this was happening this

1 way?

2	A Oh, yes. Most definitely. I know in
3	Peabody School it was some smart kids and we weren't
4	any different from anybody else. We had people that
5	made honor roll as well that I guess anybody
6	could do along the way and you was just separate as
7	children going to different schools.
8	There were different walks down
9	Sycamore Street. As a child I wanted to be a part
10	of it to make a difference, however, I wasn't geared
11	in that way to go, but I knew that the sit-ins at
12	Woolworth s and McClelland's downtown were to make
13	things better for us, but I unfortunately did not
14	participate, however I did want to do that.
15	Q Well, as you mentioned Sycamore Street,
16	what was happening particularly on Sycamore Street
17	in the stores, what we refer to as the five and dime
18	stores at that time
19	A Yeah, uh-huh.
20	Q we recognized that there was a
21	difference; if you went in the store
22	A Oh, yes.
23	Q to spend your money that there was no
24	problem in the store accepting your money for the
25	merchandise

1 Yes, that's right. A 2 -- that you were buying, but if you wanted 0 3 to sit at the lunch counter --4 Oh, that was a --A 5 -- you might have been able to buy a 0 6 hotdog, but you couldn't sit and eat it there. 7 A Right. Did you see any problem with that? Did 8 0 9 you give any real consideration --10 A Oh, yes. 11 Q -- as to why? 12 Yes, I did. It come across my mind A 13 several times shopping, like you said, and going 14 down, want to purchase a meal and not -- it wasn't a 15 question of like we have today, is that to eat here 16 or to go? It definitely was to go. That was 17 definitely a fact. You wasn't even asked that 18 question. You couldn't eat a meal down on Sycamore 19 Street at that time. 20 0 Did you, at that time, did you consider 21 that there was a difference between you as a black 22 and whites who were able to sit at that lunch 23 counter and eat? 24 I knew it wasn't a difference. A Yeah. I

25 knew it, because in some of these restaurants they

had blacks serving and even preparing foods, but yet
 and still we could not eat there. That bothered me
 a great deal.

Q Do you recall the fact that there was a struggle developing, if you will, in terms of trying to make a difference in that situation, those conditions in reference to the City of Petersburg?

8 Yes, it was a struggle. I knew there was A 9 different meetings, tried to make things better for 10 blacks, and they had a lot of mass meetings around 11 town, trying to get things equal to all people, and 12 I was aware of all of this going on and I wanted to 13 be a part of it. I did attend a lot of mass 14 meetings to see this was carried out, and it wasn't 15 a difference as people, black or white, it was just 16 the way we were separated at that time.

Q Do you recall any of the people,
particularly ministers in the City of Petersburg who
were involved and who were making strides to try to
cause changes to take place?

A Oh, yes. My pastor at Zion Baptist Church years ago, R. G. Williams, was greatly involved in the movement. And various other churches around Petersburg, they always got together and had the mass meetings, and this was various explanation for

churches to be involved in the situation like this,
 but I knew one day things were going to get better.
 I knew because we were going the right direction.

Q Do you recall what took place in those mass meetings in terms of the people attending the meetings and how the people reacted, if you will, to what was being done in those meetings?

8 Those meetings were well attended. A Most 9 of the mass meetings they had were -- crowd was full 10 to the walls, very -- a lot of concern there. They 11 want to do it in a right way, a peaceful way to make 12 better things -- better for our city, and through 13 the walks in the city, and I think it did. It just 14 took patience, people very excited about doing this 15 in the right manner, a peaceful way.

16 Q You mentioned Reverend R. G. Williams. 17 Obviously he was deeply involved. Do you recall the 18 Reverend Wyatt Tee Walker being a part of the 19 process?

20 A Most definitely. Yes. They always walked 21 hand and hand, shoulder to shoulder, trying to make 22 things better for this area, and they succeed. 23 Milton Reid of First Baptist Church, he was also 24 involved in this a great deal, and this unity 25 between the churches, I figured things were going to

get better by the sitting in and the mass meetings.
 Everybody was real excited about what was going on
 to make things better.

Q Do you recall the situations, if you will, that developed out of those mass meetings? What did the people do, if you will, as a result of attending those mass meetings?

A Well, they discussed different issues, how we were treated, blacks were treated, and they made sit-ins a whole lot better than what it was. They performed sit-ins at Woolworth's and W. T. Grant and different other -- Ruckers-Rosenstock's, places like that.

14 Q Do you recall that there were a number of 15 people who participated in that?

Yes, most definitely. They normally 16 Α 17 was -- well, marched down Sycamore Street, and go to 18 one business to another to see the different 19 There were some arrests during that time, response. 20 and fortunately the people didn't stay in jail that 21 long. They just -- a short period of time, they put 22 fear into people not to do it again, but there was a 23 lot of progress done through that.

24 Q Did the blacks in Petersburg and the 25 churches, you've mentioned this, but did they

1 really, really become involved in terms of the 2 number of people growing and more people becoming 3 involved in the whole struggle, if you will?

4 Yes. A great number of people were A Yes. 5 involved in it, however, it could have been much 6 more, but people just afraid of maybe being --7 getting into trouble, so they backed off, and -- but 8 it could have been a much greater number involved in 9 these sit-ins. I think it was a great number that 10 participate along with this, still.

11 Q Based on what you've said, would you say 12 that most of the churches in the City of Petersburg 13 at that time really were involved in helping to 14 cause all of this to happen, the changes to begin to 15 take place?

16 Α Yes. It was the church, it was the 17 backbone of the church. People had that faith that 18 they could carry on and change the segregation thing 19 that was going on and make things better for the 20 city. Churches had a lot of inspiration in the 21 people to come, and even the people that weren't 22 church goers was really involved in these 23 situations. It was making them better as people in 24 the city.

25

Q Let me go back to the school system

1 situation for a while. We -- based on your

2 responses, the school system was segregated.

3 A Yes.

Q And there were separate schools for blacks and separate schools for whites. In addition to what you've already said, do you recall any real differences that you remember in terms of what was taking place from maybe an educational point of view as far as the schools were concerned?

10 A The schools -- during my era I think that 11 we had very qualified teachers that taught us to the 12 limits. We tried to learn as much as we could. The 13 educational part of it I thought we were just 14 getting -- I knew we were getting better -- just as 15 good an education as Petersburg High was. Today we 16 have a lot of students that during that era have 17 gone to high ranks in society, so they had to be --18 the education we got from Peabody was just as good 19 as anywhere else in the state.

Q Do you think, do you know whether or not your teachers had the same type of information available to them as the teachers at Petersburg High School might have had?

A I think they had good material to work with. During my era, I think that my teachers

1 had -- they did their homework, so they'd go do 2 their own research and got more material as much as 3 they got, but the material that was issued through the school board I think may not have been accurate, 4 5 but I had real -- I give my credit to my former 6 teachers I had in high school. They really taught, 7 and had the interest in the students at all -- they take the time after school to encourage the extra 8 9 mile to really make sure that child got the proper 10 education.

11 Q Do you recall Martin Luther King coming to 12 the City of Petersburg?

13 A Yes, I do. I recall -- I didn't have the 14 opportunity to actually see him, but I recall it was 15 a really big event. During that era I probably 16 was -- as a young child I had a little job after 17 school and I didn't get a chance to see a lot of 18 these things that go on, but I did hear of it and 19 knowing that he was in town was a great honor.

20 Q Well, as we both know, I'm sure, he was 21 quite involved in the movement.

22 A Yes.

23 Q In the struggle.

24 A Yes.

25 Q And unfortunately, at a point in time

1 somewhere around 1968 he was assassinated.

A Yes.

2

How did that affect you as an individual? 3 0 It hurt. When I heard 4 A It really hurt. 5 about this event happening, it really brought me to a complete standstill. I thought, here is an 6 7 individual trying to make things better for our 8 people, and somebody has taken them away. How 9 far -- would this happen to anybody else that come 10 along the way that tried to make things better for 11 It was a real touching thing. Just feel like a us? 12 dark cloud just came over my life, all of my 13 surroundings. It was really a hurting thing.

Q What do you think about the difference, if any, in -- or between that period of time during the civil rights struggle and what the situation or the conditions are along those same lines as far as Petersburg is concerned?

A Well, I think Petersburg has come a long way, and we have a long ways to go. It is a lot of development things that have happened around the city. We have a lot of blacks that are in the positions now that weren't in during those days, and trying to make it, but I'm concerned about the young people today, not focusing on the right thing in

1 life. And I try to take the time to explain to 2 young people the experience I had, how it was, and I 3 hope that they would pay attention and focus to make 4 themselves better in their dress, in their 5 appearance, their conversation, what they listen to 6 from day to day is very important, and if they knew 7 how hard the struggle was during the sixties and 8 seventies, they would make better citizens of the 9 city. My greatest concern about the children of 10 today.

11 Q Do you think that there are opportunities 12 today that blacks really didn't have --

13 A Oh, yes. Yes.

14 Q -- during the sixties?

15 A Yes, most definitely. They can set their 16 goals whatever they want to do, doctors, lawyers, 17 even now running for president, so there's -- the 18 sky is the limit for children today, if they just 19 open up and just focus on the right things in life, 20 set their goals at the ceiling, I think it would be 21 a great thing if we just get them focused. And we 22 have to show our children the importance of this 23 today before somebody else show them they are going 24 in the wrong direction.

25

Q Well, then do you think there's a need to

do some different kinds of things, if you will, to bring about maybe more understanding of what really is available for some of those young people that you are talking about and whether or not there's a need really, from an adult point of view, to do what needs to be done to help them?

7 Yes. I think adults are really laying it A 8 on line, letting them know exactly what's going on 9 They just can't focus on what need to be done. now. 10 They don't believe that the struggle was that tough, 11 when it actually was, and if we could just stay 12 focused on them and try to make them believe that 13 this is the right direction in life, there is no 14 They got all the opportunities they other way. 15 have -- they ever have. Just go out and do it.

Q Do you think that the struggle during the sixties then was a situation that really should have made it better for us and did make it better for us in terms of African Americans in the City of Petersburg?

A The struggle was a learning experience. I think that it made it better for us, but every -- we need to just let our young people know that this is the only way to make a better life for themselves. Yes.

1	Q	Well, Mr. Brown, I really appreciate your
2	taking	the time to come and share with us today
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	and to provide your opinions of what
5	did tak	e place and something about what the needs
6	are	
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	today. So again, thank you very much
9	for bei	ng here and thank you very much for coming.
10	A	Glad to be here. Glad to share the
11	experie	nce.
12	Q	Thank you.
13	A	Uh-huh.
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